

**SUSPEND THE RULES AND AGREE TO THE RESOLUTION, H.
RES. 794, WITH AMENDMENTS**

**(Note: The amendments (1) insert a complete new preamble, and (2)
insert a complete new text)**

109TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. RES. 794

Recognizing the 17th anniversary of the massacre in Tiananmen Square,
Beijing, in the People's Republic of China, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 3, 2006

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey (for himself, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. WOLF, Mr. ROHR-
ABACHER, and Mr. PITTS) submitted the following resolution; which was
referred to the Committee on International Relations

RESOLUTION

Recognizing the 17th anniversary of the massacre in
Tiananmen Square, Beijing, in the People's Republic
of China, and for other purposes.

Whereas freedom of expression, assembly, association, and re-
ligion are fundamental human rights that belong to all
people and are recognized as such under the United Na-
tions Declaration of Human Rights and the International
Covenant on Civil and Political Rights;



Whereas the demonstrations in Tiananmen Square were the manifestation of a peaceful democratic movement throughout China calling for the establishment of a dialogue with government and party leaders on democratic reforms, including freedom of expression, freedom of assembly, and the elimination of corruption;

Whereas on June 3-4, 1989, Chinese authorities ordered the People's Liberation Army and other security forces to use lethal force to disperse demonstrators in Beijing, especially around Tiananmen Square;

Whereas independent observers report that hundreds, perhaps thousands, were killed and wounded in 1989 by the People's Liberation Army soldiers and other security forces;

Whereas 20,000 people throughout China suspected of taking part in the democracy movement were arrested and sentenced without trial to prison or reeducation through labor, and many were reportedly tortured;

Whereas credible sources estimate that the Communist Government of China continues to imprison hundreds, and perhaps thousands, of Tiananmen Square activists, such as United States permanent resident Yang Jianli, and denies such activists their basic human rights;

Whereas the Communist Government of China undertakes active measures to deny its citizens the truth about the Tiananmen Square massacre, including the blocking of uncensored Internet sites and weblogs, and the placement of misleading information on the events of June 3-4, 1989 on Internet sites available in China, often with the collusion and cooperation of United States Internet companies such as Yahoo, Google, Microsoft, and Cisco;



Whereas the Communist Government of China continues to suppress dissent by imprisoning pro-democracy activists, lawyers, journalists, labor union leaders, religious believers, members of ethnic minority rights organizations, and other individuals in China and Tibet who seek to express their political or religious views in a peaceful manner;

Whereas the Communist Government of China kidnapped long-time democracy activist Dr. Wang Bingzhang, a United States permanent resident, and sentenced him to life imprisonment for espionage and terrorism;

Whereas the Communist Government of China continues its extraordinarily brutal persecution of the peaceful spiritual movement of Falun Gong;

Whereas the Communist Government of China continues its reprehensible policies of organ harvesting of executed prisoners; maintenance of hundreds, perhaps thousands of slave labor camps; coercive sterilization and forced abortions resulting in sex-selective abortions, female infanticide, and trafficking in persons; and forcible repatriation of thousands of refugees to North Korea to face persecution, imprisonment, and death in violation of its international commitments; and

Whereas June 4, 2006, is the 17th anniversary of the Tiananmen Square massacre: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—

2 (1) expresses sympathy to the families of those
3 killed, tortured, and imprisoned as a result of their
4 participation in the democracy protests of June 3–
5 4, 1989, in Tiananmen Square, Beijing, in the Peo-
6 ple’s Republic of China, and to all those persons who



1 have suffered for their efforts to keep that struggle
2 alive during the past 17 years, and to all the people
3 of China who lack fundamental human rights;

4 (2) commends all peaceful advocates for democ-
5 racy and human rights in China;

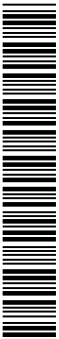
6 (3) calls upon those nations planning to partici-
7 pate in the 2008 Olympic Games in Beijing to insist
8 that China comply with the United Nations Declara-
9 tion on Human Rights; and

10 (4) condemns the ongoing and egregious human
11 rights abuses by the Communist Government of
12 China and calls on that Government to—

13 (A) release all prisoners of conscience, in-
14 cluding those persons still in prison as a result
15 of their participation in the peaceful pro-democ-
16 racy protests of 1989 and put an immediate
17 end to the harassment, detention, and imprison-
18 ment of all Chinese citizens exercising their le-
19 gitimate freedoms of expression, association,
20 and religion;

21 (B) end its censorship of legitimate free
22 speech on the Internet, and its persecution of
23 Internet dissidents;

24 (C) end its persecution of Falun Gong;



1 (D) end organ harvesting and ensure that
2 its organ donor programs proceed only on a
3 purely voluntary and non-commercial basis;

4 (E) end its coercive one-child policy;

5 (F) grant the United Nations High Com-
6 mission on Refugees access to all refugees, and
7 end forcible repatriations of refugees, particu-
8 larly to North Korea;

9 (G) close its “re-education through labor”
10 camps, respect the rights of workers, and end
11 police detention without trial;

12 (H) release United States permanent resi-
13 dent Dr. Yang Jianli, a participant in the
14 Tiananmen Square protests of 1989, who has
15 been illegally detained by the Communist Gov-
16 ernment of China since April 26, 2002, and
17 whose wife and two children are United States
18 citizens; and

19 (I) release United States permanent resi-
20 dent Dr. Wang Bingzhang, long-time peaceful
21 democracy activist, who was abducted in June
22 2002, and illegally imprisoned for life on false
23 charges of espionage and terrorism, and whose
24 sister, son, and daughter are United States citi-
25 zens.

